SAFETY DATA SHEET

SECTION 1) CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND MANUFACTURER'S IDENTIFICATION

Product ID: 2032 Namco Blast
Product Name: SEWER SOLVENT

Revision Date: Jun 03, 2025 Date Printed: Sep 25, 2025

Version: 1.0 Supersedes Date: N.A.

Manufacturer's Name: Namco Manufacturing

Address: 9034 Long Point Road Houston, TX, US, 77055

Emergency Phone: (800) 634-5816

Information Phone Number:

Fax:

Product/Recommended Uses:

SECTION 2) HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification

Corrosive to metals - Category 1

Oxidizing Solids - Category 3

Acute toxicity Dermal - Category 4

Acute toxicity Oral - Category 4

Serious Eye Damage - Category 1

Skin Corrosion - Category 1

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure - Category 2

Acute aquatic toxicity - Category 2

Safety data sheet prepared in accordance to the United States Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200) and the Canadian Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System (WHMIS).

Pictograms









Signal Word

Danger

Hazardous Statements - Health

H312 - Harmful in contact with skin

H302 - Harmful if swallowed

H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

Hazardous Statements - Physical

H290 - May be corrosive to metals

H272 - May intensify fire; Oxidizer

2032 Namco Blast Page 1 of 9

Hazardous Statements - Environmental

H401 - Toxic to aquatic life

Precautionary Statements - General

- P101 If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
- P102 Keep out of reach of children.
- P103 Read label before use.

Precautionary Statements - Prevention

- P273 Avoid release to the environment.
- P280 Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection/face protection.
- P264 Wash thoroughly after handling.
- P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
- P234 Keep only in original packaging.
- P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
- P220 Keep away from clothing and other combustible materials.
- P260 Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.

Precautionary Statements - Response

- P302 + P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.
- P312 Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell.
- P321 Specific treatment (see First-Aid on this label).
- P362 + P364 Take off contaminated clothing. And wash it before reuse.
- P301 + P312 IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell.
- P330 Rinse mouth.
- P390 Absorb spillage to prevent material damage.
- P370 + P378 In case of fire: Use carbon-di oxide, alcohol foam, water spray or dry chemical to extinguish.
- P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
- P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.
- P301 + P330 + P331 IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.
- P303 + P361 + P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower.
- P363 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
- P304 + P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

Precautionary Statements - Storage

- P406 Store in a corrosive resistant container with a resistant inner liner.
- P405 Store locked up.

Precautionary Statements - Disposal

P501 - Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/national/international regulations.

SECTION 3) COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

CAS	Chemical Name	% By Weight
0001310-73-2	SODIUM HYDROXIDE	60% - 100%
0007631-99-4	SODIUM NITRATE	4% - 16%
0007429-90-5	ALUMINUM	4% - 14%
0000144-55-8	SODIUM BICARBONATE	0.10% - 2%

Specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of the composition has been withheld to protect confidentiality.

2032 Namco Blast Page 2 of 9

SECTION 4) FIRST-AID MEASURES

Inhalation

Remove source of exposure or move person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

If breathing is difficult, trained personnel should administer emergency oxygen if advised to do so by the POISON CENTER/doctor.

Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.

Eye Contact

Gently brush product off face.

Do not rub eyes.

Let the eyes water naturally for a few minutes.

Look right and left, then up and down.

Do not attempt to manually remove anything from the eyes.

Rinse eyes cautiously with lukewarm, gently flowing water for several minutes, while holding the eyelids open.

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do.

Continue rinsing for a duration of 30 minutes or until medical aid is available.

Take care not to rinse contaminated water into the unaffected eye or onto the face.

Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.

Skin Contact

Take off immediately all contaminated clothing, shoes and leather goods (e.g. watchbands, belts).

Rinse skin with lukewarm, gently flowing water/shower for a duration of 30 minutes or until medical aid is available.

Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.

Store contaminated clothing under water and wash before re-use or discard.

Ingestion

Rinse mouth.

Do NOT induce vomiting

Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.

If vomiting occurs naturally, lie on your side, in the recovery position.

If breathing has stopped, trained personnel should begin rescue breathing or, if the heart has stopped, immediately start cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR) or automated external defibrillation (AED).

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

No data available.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat according to symptoms (decontamination, vital functions), no known specific antidote. Treatment should be supportive and based on the judgement of the physician in response to the reaction of the patient.

SECTION 5) FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable Extinguishing Media

Small Fire: Dry chemical, foam, carbon dioxide, water-spray or alcohol-resistant foam. Large Fire: Water spray, fog or alcohol-resistant foam. Small Fire: Use water. CO2 or Halon may provide limited control

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media

Do not use straight stream of water. Do not use CO2 or halon

Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical

Runoff may pollute waterways Fire will produce irritating and corrosive gases. Containers may explode in fire. Substances will accelerate burning when involved in a fire. May decompose explosively when heated or involved in a fire. Runoff may create a fire or explosion hazard. May ignite combustibles (wood, paper, oil, clothing, etc.)

Precautions for Firefighters

Isolate immediate hazard area and keep unauthorized personnel out. Stop spill/release if it can be done safely. Move undamaged containers from immediate hazard area if it can be done safely. Cool containers with flooding quantities of water until well after fire is out.

2032 Namco Blast Page 3 of 9

Dispose of fire debris and contaminated extinguishing water in accordance with official regulations.

Special Protective Equipment

Wear protective pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and full turnout gear.

SECTION 6) ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Emergency Procedure

Ventilate closed spaces before entering. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled materials unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. Evacuate and isolate hazard area and keep unauthorized personnel away.

Protective Equipment

Wear chemical protective clothing and positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA).

Personal Precautions

Do not get on skin, eyes or clothing. Do not breathe dust.

Environmental Precautions

Stop spill/release if it can be done safely. Prevent spilled material and water from clean-up/firefighting from entering sewers, storm drains, other unauthorized drainage systems and natural waterways by using sand, earth, or other appropriate barriers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Wet down with water and dike for later disposal.

Methods and Materials for Containment and Cleaning up

Avoid raising dust. Safely collect powdered material and deposit in sealed containers for disposal. Ventilate and wash area after clean-up is complete Pick up with inert, damp, non-combustible material using clean, non-sparking tools and place into loosely covered plastic containers for later disposal.

SECTION 7) HANDLING AND STORAGE

General

Wash hands after use. Use good personal hygiene practices. Eating, drinking and smoking in work areas is prohibited. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. All containers must be properly labelled. Eyewash stations and showers should be available in areas where this material is used and stored Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not breathe dust.

Ventilation Requirements

Use only with adequate ventilation to control air contaminants to their exposure limits. The use of local ventilation is recommended to control emissions near the source. Report ventilation failures immediately.

Storage Room Requirements

Keep containers securely sealed when not in use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed to prevent leakage. Indoor storage should meet OSHA standards and appropriate fire codes. Empty containers retain residue and may be dangerous. Segregate from other hazard classes and store in a cool, dry, well ventilated area, away from sources of ignition and incompatibilities. Protect containers against banging or other physical damage when storing, transferring, or using them. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharge. Use non-sparking ventilation systems, approved explosion-proof equipment and intrinsically safe electrical systems in areas where this product is used and stored.

SECTION 8) EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Eye protection

Wear Dust-proof goggles with side shields

Skin Protection

Use of gloves approved to relevant standards made from the following materials may provide suitable chemical protection: PVC, neoprene or nitrile rubber gloves. Suitability and durability of a glove is dependent on usage, e.g. frequency and duration of contact, chemical resistance of glove material, glove thickness, dexterity. Always seek advice from glove suppliers. Contaminated gloves should be replaced. Use of an apron and over-boots of chemically impervious materials such as neoprene or nitrile rubber. Launder soiled clothes or properly disposed of contaminated material, which cannot be decontaminated.

Respiratory protection

2032 Namco Blast Page 4 of 9

If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations to a level which is adequate to protect worker, a respiratory protection program that meets or is equivalent to OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134 should be followed. Check with respiratory protective equipment suppliers.

Appropriate Engineering Controls

Provide exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep the airborne concentrations of vapors below their respective threshold limit value

Chemical Name	ACGIH TWA (mg/m3)	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	ACGIH STEL (mg/m3)	ACGIH STEL (ppm)	ACGIH Carcinogen	ACGIH TLV Basis	ACGIH Notations	OSHA TWA (mg/m3)
ALUMINUM	1 (R)				A4	Pneumoconiosi s; LRT irr; neurotoxicity	A4	[15]; [5];
SODIUM HYDROXIDE			C 2			URT, eye, & skin irr		2

Chemical Name	OSHA TWA (ppm)	OSHA STEL (mg/m3)	OSHA STEL (ppm)	OSHA Carcinogen	OSHA Skin designation	OSHA Tables (Z1, Z2, Z3)	NIOSH TWA (mg/m3)	NIOSH TWA (ppm)
ALUMINUM						1	2	
SODIUM HYDROXIDE						1		

Chemical Name	NIOSH STEL (mg/m3)	NIOSH STEL (ppm)	NIOSH Carcinogen
ALUMINUM			
SODIUM HYDROXIDE			

(C) - Ceiling limit, (R) - Respirable fraction, A4 - Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen, irr - Irritation, LRT - Lower respiratory tract, URT - Upper respiratory tract

SECTION 9) PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Specific Gravity	1.44
% VOC	0.00%
Density VOC	0.00 lb/gal
% HAPS	0.00%
Density HAPS	0.00 lb/gal
% VHAPS	0.00%
Density VHAPS	0.00 lb/gal
% Solids By Weight	0.00%
Density	12.00 lb/gal

Appearance	Purple Powder
Odor Description	N/A
рН	14.00
Water Solubility	91%
Flammability	N/A
Flash Point Symbol	N/A
Flash Point	N/A
Viscosity	N/A
Odor Threshold	N/A
Lower Explosion Level	N/A
Kinematic Viscosity	N/A
Refractive Index	N/A

2032 Namco Blast Page 5 of 9

Vapor Pressure N/A N/A Vapor Density Kinematic Viscosity Temperature N/A Freezing Point N/A Melting Point N/A Low Boiling Point N/A High Boiling Point N/A Auto Ignition Temp N/A Decomposition Pt N/A **Evaporation Rate** N/A Coefficient Water/Oil N/A

SECTION 10) STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

N/A

Reactivity

No data available.

Upper Explosion Level

Chemical Stability

Stable under normal storage and handling conditions.

Possibility of Hazardous Reactions/Polymerization

May react vigorously or explosively on contact with water.

Conditions To Avoid

Avoid heat, sparks, flame, high temperature and contact with incompatible materials.

Incompatible Materials

Strong bases, acids, and oxidizing agents. Corrosive in contact with metals.

Hazardous Decomposition Products

Oxides of carbon.

SECTION 11) TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute Toxicity

Harmful in contact with skin

Harmful if swallowed

The Acute Toxicity Estimate (ATE) for an oral exposure to this mixture is >5000 mg/kg body weight

The Acute Toxicity Estimate (ATE) for a dermal exposure to this mixture is >5000 mg/kg body weight

The Acute Toxicity Estimate (ATE) for an inhalation (vapour) exposure to this mixture is >20 mg/l

0001310-73-2 SODIUM HYDROXIDE

Dust may cause damage to upper respiratory tract and lung itself, producing from mild nose irritation to pneumonitis. severe damage to mucous membranes

Aspiration Hazard

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Germ Cell Mutagenicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Respiratory/Skin Sensitization

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

2032 Namco Blast Page 6 of 9

Reproductive Toxicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation

Causes serious eye damage

0001310-73-2 SODIUM HYDROXIDE

Produces severe damage

Skin Corrosion/Irritation

Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

0001310-73-2 SODIUM HYDROXIDE

Severe skin irritant. Causes second-and third-degree burns on short contact

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

0001310-73-2 SODIUM HYDROXIDE

Repeated exposure can lead to permanent lung damage. May cause bronchitis to develop with coughing, phlegm, and/or shortness of breath.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure

0001310-73-2 SODIUM HYDROXIDE

Higher exposures may cause pulmonary edema.

Likely Routes of Exposure

Inhalation, Ingestion, Skin contact, Eye contact

Chronic Exposure

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Potential Health Effects - Miscellaneous

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

SECTION 12) ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Toxic to aquatic life

Persistence and Degradability

No data available.

Bioaccumulative Potential

0001310-73-2 SODIUM HYDROXIDE

NaOH is not expected to bioconcentrate in organisms.

Mobility in Soil

No data available.

Other Adverse Effects

No data available.

SECTION 13) DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Disposal

It is the responsibility of the user of the product to determine at the time of disposal whether the product meets local criteria for hazardous waste. Waste management should be in full compliance with national, state and local laws. Empty Containers retain product residue which may exhibit hazards of material, therefore do not pressurize, cut, glaze, weld or use for any other purposes.

2032 Namco Blast Page 7 of 9

SECTION 14) TRANSPORT INFORMATION

	U.S. DOT Information	IMDG Information	IATA Information
UN Number:	UN1823	UN1823	UN1823
UN proper shipping name:	Sodium hydroxide, solid	Sodium hydroxide, solid	Sodium hydroxide, solid
Transport Hazard class(es)	8	8	8
Packing group	III	III	III
Environmental hazards	No Data Available	No Data Available	No Data Available
Special precautions for user	No Data Available	No Data Available	No Data Available
Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC code	No Data Available	No Data Available	No Data Available

SECTION 15) REGULATORY INFORMATION

CAS	Chemical Name	% By Weight	Regulation List
0001310-73-2	SODIUM HYDROXIDE	60% - 100%	DSL - Domestic Substance List, CERCLA - Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act, SARA312, TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA), NJ_RightToKnow_HazSubList - New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List (RTKHSL)
0007631-99-4	SODIUM NITRATE	4% - 16%	SARA313, DHS_COI - DHS_Chemical Of Interest, DSL - Domestic Substance List, SARA312, TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA), NJ_RightToKnow_HazSubList - New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List (RTKHSL), MA_RightToKnow - Massachusetts Right to Know
0007429-90-5	ALUMINUM	4% - 14%	SARA313, DHS_COI - DHS_Chemical Of Interest, DSL - Domestic Substance List, SARA312, TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA), NJ_RightToKnow_HazSubList - New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List (RTKHSL)
0000144-55-8	SODIUM BICARBONATE	0.10% - 2%	DSL - Domestic Substance List, SARA312, TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA)

SECTION 16) OTHER INFORMATION

Glossary

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists; CAS - Chemical Abstracts Service; Chemtrec - Chemical Transportation Emergency Center; DSL - Domestic Substances List; ESL- Effects screening levels; GHS - "Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals" developed by the United Nations; HMIS - Hazardous Material Information Service; IATA - Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA); IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code; LC - Lethal Concentration; LD - Lethal Dose; NFPA - National Fire Protection Association; OEL - Occupational Exposure Limits; OSHA- Occupational Safety and Health Administration, US Department of Labor; PEL - Permissible Exposure Limit; SARA 313 - Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act, Section 313; SCBA - Self Contained Breathing Apparatus; ppm - parts per million; STEL - Short-term exposure limit; TLV - Threshold Limit Value; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act Public Law 94-469; TWA - Time-weighted average; US DOT- US Department of Transportation.

2032 Namco Blast Page 8 of 9

DISCLAIMER

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above named supplier nor any of its subsidiaries assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist. The above information pertains to this product as currently formulated, and is based on the information available at this time. Addition of reducers or other additives to this product may substantially alter the composition and hazards of the product. Since conditions of use are outside our control, we make no warranties, express or implied, and assume no liability in connection with any use of this information.

2032 Namco Blast Page 9 of 9